

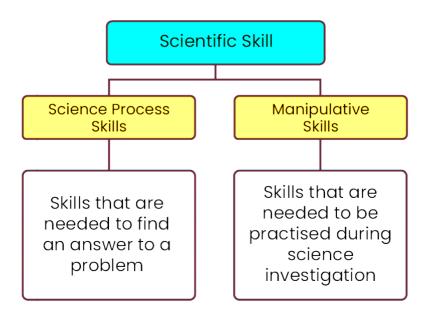


SCIENCE YEAR 1 TEACHER HURUN

	SCIENCE YEAR 1						
NO	TOPIC	DATE	REMARKS				
1	SCIENTIFIC SKILLS						
2	SCIENCE ROOM RULES						
3	LIVING THINGS AND NON-LIVING THINGS						
4	HUMANS						
5	ANIMALS						
6	PLANTS						
7	MAGNETS						
8	ABSORPTION						
9	THE EARTH						
10	BASIC OF BUILDING						

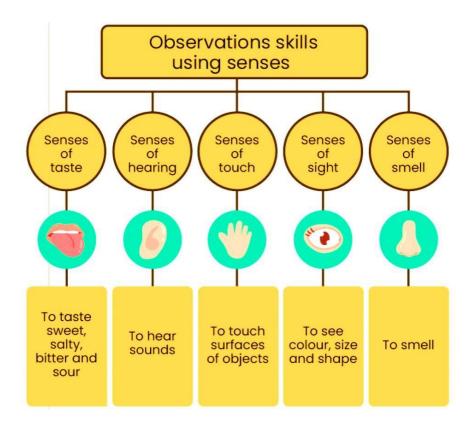


UNIT 1: SCIENTIFIC SKILLS



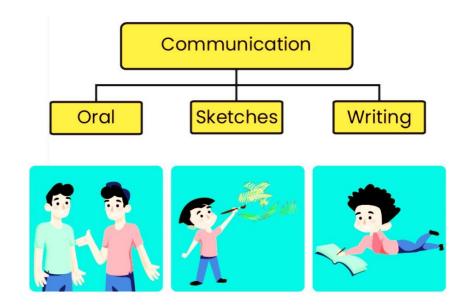
1.1 Science Process skills

Observing: using all senses to obtain information about an object or a phenomenon





Communicating: delivering or giving information to other people



1.2 Manipulative skills

- 1. Using apparatus and science materials
- 2. Handling specimen
- 3. Sketch specimen
- 4. Cleaning apparatus
- 5. Storing science apparatus









EXERCISES

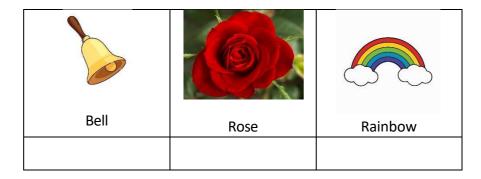
- What can you use to see things around you?
 A. Eyes B. Nose C. Hands D. Ears
- 2. Which sense do you use to smell a flower?

 Answer:
- 3. Look at the picture below. What will happen to the ice cube after some time?



Answer:

4. Match the object with the correct sense organ:

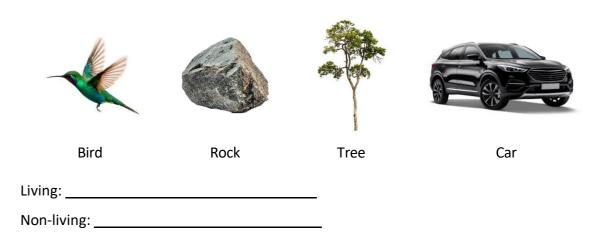




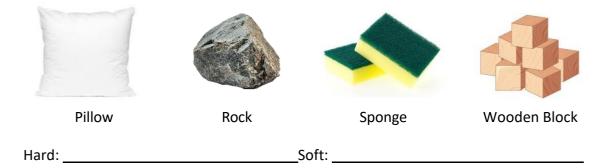
5. Which group do these belong to?



6. Group these items into living and non-living things:



7. Classify the items as hard or soft:

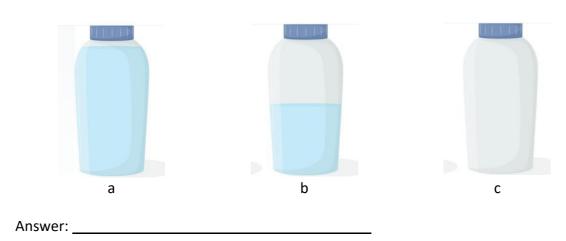




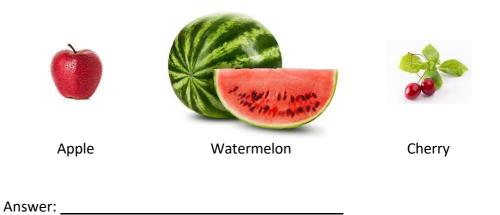
8. Circle the objects made of metal:



9. Which bottle is heavier?



10. Arrange the fruits from smallest to biggest.





- 11. Which of these sounds is louder?
 - A. Whisper
- B. Fire alarm
- C. Clapping
- 12. Which of these items is softest to touch?
 - A. Cotton
- B. Rock
- C. Wood
- D. Metal

- 13. Which tool do we use to measure time?
 - A. Ruler
- B. Clock
- C. Thermometer
- D. Cup
- 14. What unit will you use to measure the height of a plant?

 Answer: ______

15. Look at the containers. Which one holds more water?





Answer:

16. Which is heavier: a book or a feather? Why?

Answer:

A. Microphone



17. Look at the wet floor. What can you infer?



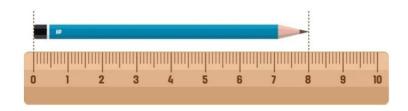
	A. It just rained.	B. Someone painted it.	C. It is very hot.
18.	-	ir, what might be happening?	
19.		at. What can you say about the weat	ther?
20.	==	on the floor. What do you think happ	ened?
21.	How do scientists share t A. Writing and drawing	heir observations? B. Shouting C. Sle	eping
22.	Complete the sentence:		
	"The ball is	because it moves when I pu	sh it."
23.	Your friend measured a p	encil with a ruler. How can he share	the result?
24.	What is one way to recor	d the sound of birds?	

C. Ruler

B. Spoon



- 25. Which tool do you use to measure temperature?
 - A. Thermometer
- B. Clock
- C. Balance scale
- 26. What is the length of the pencil shown?



Answer: _____cm

27. Which tool helps to find out if something is hot?



Answer:

- 28. Why should we use the correct tool when doing an experiment?

 Answer: ______
- 29. You need to compare the mass of two apples. Which tool will you use?

 Answer:
- 30. Why do we need to classify things in science?

 Answer:



31.	If you mix sugar in water and it disappears, where did the sugar go? Answer:
32.	Which of the following should you do before using any science tool? A. Wash your hands B. Ask the teacher C. Eat your food D. Break the tool
33.	What should you do after using science tools? Answer:
34.	Fill in the blank: When using a ruler to measure, start from the number
35.	Which tool do you use to scoop and pour liquids carefully? A. Dropper B. Ruler C. Spoon D. Clock
36.	When cutting paper for a science experiment, which tool should you use? Answer:
37.	Why is it important to handle science tools carefully? A. To break them B. To show off C. To stay safe and avoid accidents D. To finish quickly



- 38. You want to mix two liquids. Which tool would you use?
 - A. Beaker and stirring stick
 - B. Clock and string
 - C. Book and pencil
 - D. Ruler and scissors
- 39. Look at the picture. What is the child doing with the measuring cup?



Answer:			